



**POWER
STORAGE
SOLUTIONS**

"Power is at the center of everything we do"

Value Regulated Sealed Lead-acid Battery

**Power Storage Solutions
Battery**

Installation & Operation Guide

12MQ100 - 620

(Reserve Power Batteries)

AGM VRLA



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Power Storage Solutions sealed lead acid battery is shipped charged, handle the battery according to the following instructions before use:



1. Introduction

Power Storage Solutions private label batteries technology is based on years of research and development. Our products are manufactured under the guidelines of ISO9001 quality system. Each battery undergoes a series of strict manufacturing and quality control processes before shipment. We are committed to provide our customers batteries that provide reliable DC power and are solutions to their critical power problems.

2. Safety precaution and protection equipment

- ❖ *When working any battery system, be sure you have the necessary tools and safety equipment, including but not limited to:*
 - a) Insulated tools
 - b) Rubber apron and gloves
 - c) Face protection/face shield
 - d) Safety goggles
 - e) Fire extinguisher
 - f) Emergency eye wash and shower, if available
 - g) Acid spill cleanup kit
- ❖ Pay attention to the electrical warning symbols to avoid serious injury or death caused by electrical shock or burns.
- ❖ Remove all rings and jewelry while working on batteries.
- ❖ Multi-cell battery systems can attain high voltage and/or currents. Do **NOT** touch un-insulated batteries, connectors or terminals. To prevent serious electrical burns and shock, use **EXTREME CAUTION** when working with DC Battery system
- ❖ Always wear safety protection clothes and protect all exposed skin and eye surfaces
- ❖ Use non-conductive or insulated tools when working with **ANY** battery system.
- ❖ All tools should be adequately insulated with the use of suitable no-conducting material to minimize the possibility of shorting across connections.
- ❖ Never lay tools or other conductive objects on the battery.
- ❖ Avoid shorting of batteries and connections to prevent explosions, arc flash and personal injury.
- ❖ Dispose of batteries or battery components via licensed EPA approved recycling facilities.



3. Battery Storage

- ❖ High temperature or poor ventilation during storage and delivery will result high self-discharge rate. Therefore, it is important to maintaining good ventilation and keeping away from fire, flame, water and heat supply etc.
- ❖ When storing the battery (not charging), disconnect from charger and load.
- ❖ Store the batteries in a dry, clean and preferably cool location.
- ❖ The batteries are supplied charged, however during storage it is advisable not to store batteries for more than the time specified below without a supplementary recharge:
 - a) Six months at 20°C / 68° F
 - b) Three months at 30° C / 86° F
 - c) Six weeks at 40°C / 104° F
 - d) Do not store over 40° C / 104° F
- ❖ A supplementary charge is required to maintain the batteries stored for some period over advised time limit from above. For detailed charging procedures, please refer to section 6.1 Supplementary Charge. Failure to observe charging conditions may result in greatly reduced capacity and service life and *limit warranty of batteries*.

4. Battery System Installation Considerations:

- ❖ No fire, flame or heat supply should be near the battery;
- ❖ Avoid installation near heat supply or in direct sunlight;
- ❖ Avoid operating in humid / damp locations;
- ❖ Do not operate in sealed enclosed or without ventilation.



❖ Temperature Range	<u>UL94-V0 Flame Retardant Jars</u>
Charging	-4°F ~ +131°F (-20°C ~ +55°C)
Discharging	+32°F ~ 122°F (0°C ~ +50°C)
Storage	-4°F ~ +131°F (-20°C ~ +55°C)
❖ Parallel Connections	Recommended within 4 groups.
❖ Heat Dispersing	Maintain 0.4 to .79" (10 to 20mm) inter-bloc distance between batteries.
❖ Multilayer Installation	Temperature of each layer should be controlled within 3°C.
❖ Ventilation	Ensure batteries are stored and used in ventilated conditions.
❖ Optimum Ambient Temp.	72°F to 78°F (23°C to 26°C)
❖ Float Charge (25°C)	Limited current ≤0.30C ₁₀ , voltage 2.23~2.30V/cell
❖ Cyclic Charge (25°C)	Limited current ≤0.30C ₁₀ , voltage 2.30~2.40V/cell
❖ Mixing Batteries	Do not mix new and old batteries, batteries of different capacity or manufacturers.

If required, please consult with Power Storage Solutions technical support.

5. Installation of batteries

5.1 Unpack and Check

Check the packaging for signs of shipping damage.

Unpack and check the appearance of battery for signs of damage or unidentified fluid.

Check parts list ensuring all accessories are included.

Read through the operation guide before handling the battery.

Handle the battery with caution:

Avoid any impact or force on the battery terminals!

Avoid any impact to the battery!

Do not tamper with battery seals!

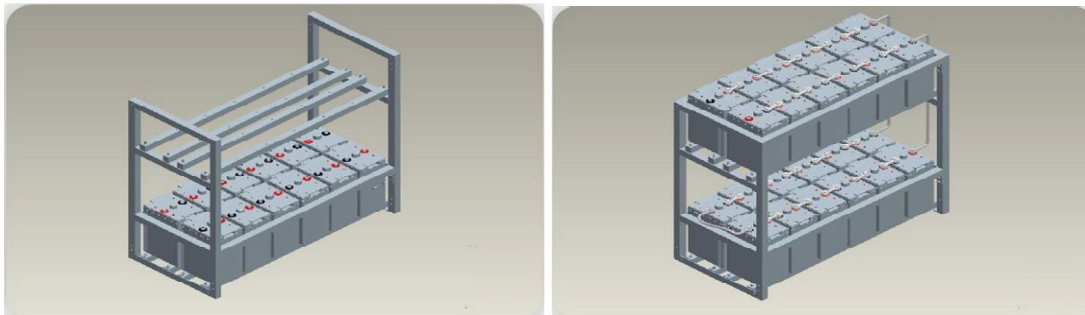
Do not place the battery upside down!

Do not short circuit the battery!

5.2 Inspection Before Installation

If no shipping damage after checking, install the batteries in the designated position;

When installing batteries in a cabinet or on a rack, start at bottom & finish with placement at the top.



DO NOT install batteries near any potential heat source such as heat exhaust of other equipment; *Batteries may release flammable gas during charge or discharge operation. Batteries must kept away from any possible source of flames or sparks.*

Before connecting inter-cell connectors, lightly clean post terminals with non-metallic brush to remove any sulfate or dirt from the terminal. *Brush gently and do NOT damage the tin plating on terminal, connector, or lugs.*

Avoid any conductive materials shorting positive and negative terminals.

All installation tools must be insulated to prevent accidental arc flash.

Do NOT lubricate rack rails or bottom of battery jar as some lubricating compounds may cause deterioration of the plastic battery container.

Do NOT clean battery jars with detergent, petroleum-based solvents or solutions with any ammonia to clean the battery containers, these materials may cause permanent damage to the battery container. Physical damage such as these are not covered under warranty.

5.3 Pre Installation Rack/Enclosure Location Check

Floor loading: Since batteries are heavy, check the floor loading is not exceeded. Check rack / enclosure complies with any load spreading, and seismic zone requirements of the installed area. To assemble a battery rack/enclosure, please see rack installation instructions.

5.4 Battery Installation and connection

Use insulated tools only;

Connect battery modules together to the required system voltage, then connect battery string with charger or load; When multi-strings of batteries are to be parallel connected, connect batteries in series first and then complete the parallel connection. Parallel cables to the charger / load should be as close in size and length to each of the parallel strings to prevent uneven voltage drops that can imbalance the parallel battery strings.

To ensure good ventilation, the batteries per row should kept around 0.4" to .79" (10 - 20mm) inter-bloc spacing;

An estimated open air rating on the proper cable sizing between batteries:

- 1) AWG# 6 for loads up to 90 Amps.
- 2) AWG# 2 for loads up to 150 Amps.
- 3) AWG# 1/0 for loads up to 250 Amps.
- 4) AWG# 4/0 for loads up to 400 Amps.
- 5) Refer to NEC for voltage drops for long cables.

1. Before connection, lightly clean the battery terminals to remove sulfate and dirt.
2. Before connecting inter-cell connectors apply a light coating of No-Ox grease to the surface of the terminal and inter-cell connectors or cable lugs;
3. After batteries are installed, test the voltage of the battery string. Make sure there are no battery modules that have been incorrectly installed in reverse polarity. If all modules installed correctly, link battery to load.
4. Use correct torque on all terminals, ensuring every connecting nut and screw is secure; see torque settings as table 1 below.

	TAB 0.187" (4.75mm)	TAB 0.250" (6.35mm)	M5 Bolt	M6 Bolt	M8 Bolt
FASTON TAB Terminal Models	T1	T2			
Inserted Post Models			T12	T6,T7,T8,T13	T11
Flag Bolt-on Post Models				T3, T5, T10	T9, T14
Torque (Newton Meters)	Push On	Push On	2.5 Nm	5.14 Nm	13 Nm
Torque (Inch Pounds)	Push On	Push On	22 in lbs.	45.5 in lbs.	115 in lbs.
Torque (Foot Pounds)	Push On	Push On	1.8 ft lbs.	3.79 ft lbs.	9.58 ft lbs.
<i>all suggested torque values are + or - 5%</i>					

Torque Conversion Table				
Unit	Inch Pounds	Foot Pounds	kgf-cm	N-m
1 Inch Pounds	1	12	1.152	0.113
1 Foot Pounds	0.0833	1	13.825	1.3558
1 kgf-cm	0.868	0.0723	1	0.098
1 N-m	8.851	0.7376	10.2	1

5.5 Battery Rack Assembly

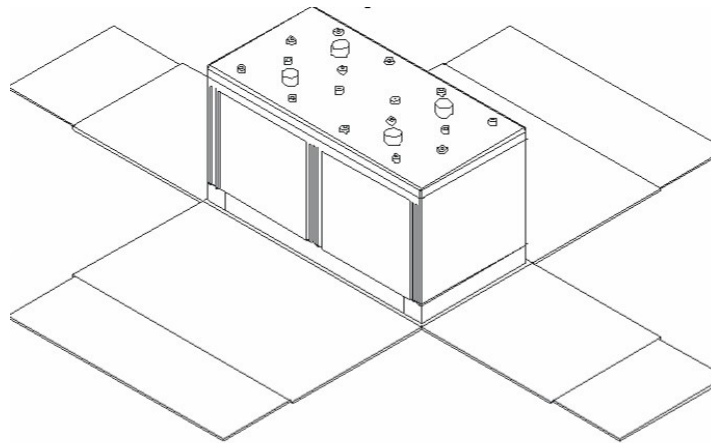
To assemble a battery rack, see rack and/or cabinet enclosure installation instructions.

5.6 Batteries mounting on racks

Rack mounted Power Storage Solutions batteries follow the procedures below: If batteries are small they can easily be lifted into place.

If batteries are large special caution should be used.

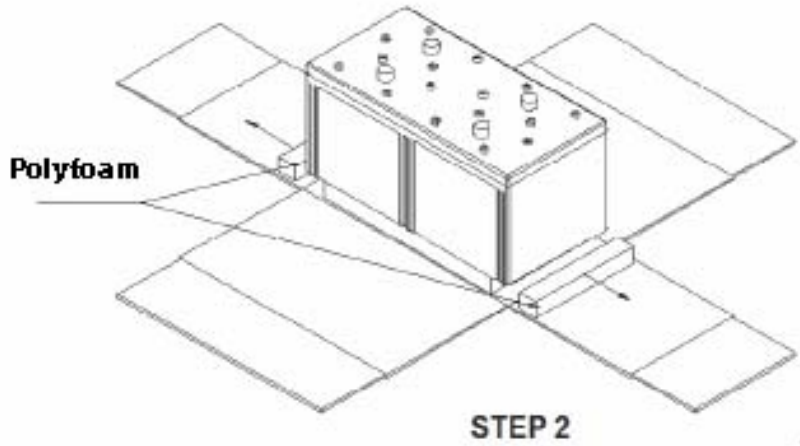
- Step 1.** Carry batteries close to the rack, and then tear the box along its four corners.



STEP 1

Remove all poly-foams out from the bottom of the battery.

Step 2.



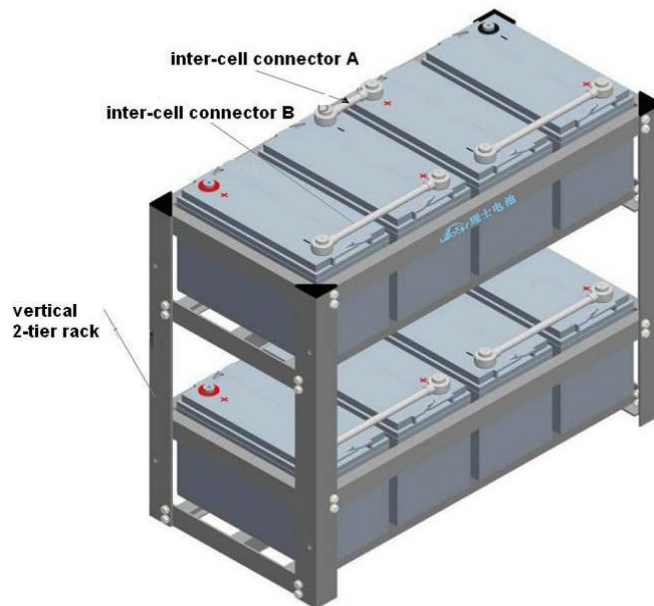
Lift with two people if weight requires.

Place on battery rack or in battery cabinet.

5.7 Example Images after Installation

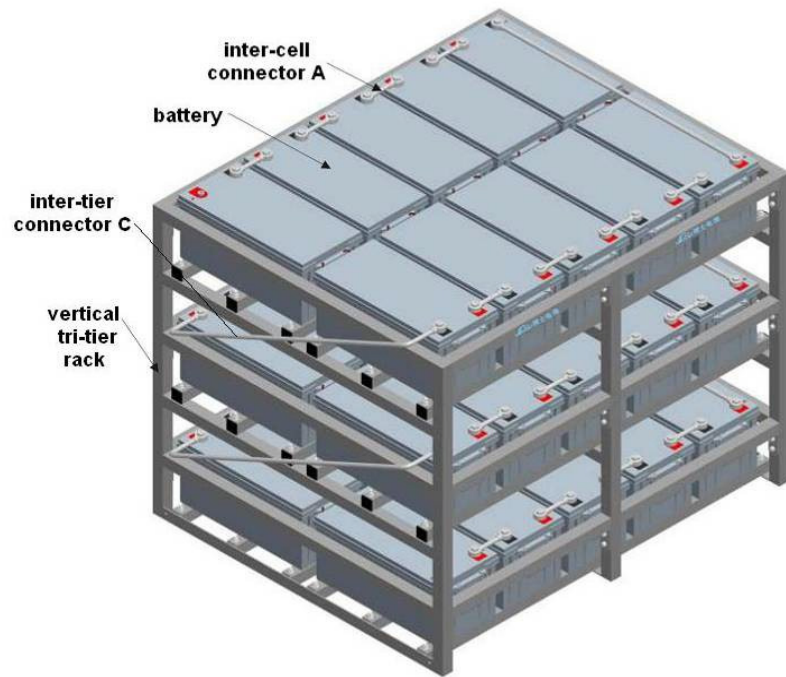
5.7.1

12V Battery Vertical 2-Tier/ 1-Row/Non-seismic Rack (8 batteries shown)



5.7.2

12V Batteries: Vertical 3-tier/ 2-row Rack (30 batteries shown)



6 Operation of Battery

6.1 Refresh Charge

- ❖ During the delivery and storage, the battery will lose part of the capacity due to self discharge, so please apply a supplemental charge before use;
- ❖ If storage occurs before installation / connection, supplement charge regularly; Supplementary charge according table 2 below before use:

Table 2 the time interval of supplementary charge and storage temperature

Storage temperature	Time interval of supplementing charge	Supplementing charge way
< 20°C	Every 9 months	Three options to choose from: a) Charging at a constant voltage of 2.23-2.30V/cell and initial current to be less than 0.3C (A) for 2-3 days b) Charging at a constant current of 0.3C(A) and a constant voltage of 2.30-2.40V/cell for 10-16 hours c) Charging at a constant of 0.1C(A) for 8-10 hours
20°C ~30°C	Every 6 months	
>30°C to 40°C	Every 3 months	

Note:

Current value C is rated capacity of battery.

Example: rated capacity of 2V300AH battery is 300AH, 0.1C (A) = 0.1X300 = 30A;

6.2 Discharge

- ❖ Ensure the maximum allowable discharge current does not exceed the rated value.
- ❖ Refer to the individual battery literature for discharge rates to different end VDC at 77°F (25°C).

6.3 Capacity Discharging Test

Use the test procedure as identified in IEEE standard 1188.

6.3.1 Before doing any type of discharge test

- ❖ Make sure the battery is fully charged with an equalize charge, followed by a battery returning to float for 7 additional days before the test for maximum results. Make sure all of the connections are clean, tight, and do not have high resistance connections. The ambient temperature should be 77°F (25°C) or corrected for temperature as per the IEEE K factor chart.
- ❖ Terminal voltage, ambient temperature, and start time should all be checked and recorded before commencing discharge.
- ❖ Terminal voltage, discharge current, room temperature should be checked and recorded throughout the discharge period.
- ❖ Battery should be recharged soon after the discharge, using a voltage regulated charger.

6.4 Charge

6.4.1 Float Charge Parameters:

- ❖ Charge voltage: 2.23 ~2.30V/cell at 77°F (25°C)
- ❖ The maximum charge current: 0.30C₁₀
- ❖ Temperature compensation coefficient: -3mV/cell (taking 77°F (25°C) as base point)
- ❖ Total variation range of charge voltage is ±0.02V/cell

Note:

- 1) All cell/jar voltages of a battery string have a little difference at the beginning of use, after approximately six months voltage ranges should tighten up.
- 2) Effects from too high float voltage or too low float voltage are: Too high for a long time (overcharge): life shortened. Too low for a long time (not charged enough): Cannot meet load and/or makes battery voltages inconsistent. The battery string capacity will drop accordingly and life is shortened.

6.4.2 Cycle Usage Charge Parameters:

- ❖ Charge voltage: 2.40 ~2.50V/cell at 77°F (25°C)
- ❖ The maximum charge current: 0.30C₁₀
- ❖ Temperature compensation coefficient: -5mV/cell (taking 77°F (25°C) as base point)
- ❖ Total variation range of charge voltage: ±0.02V/cell
- ❖ Charge capacity is 110% ~ 130% of discharge capacity.

6.4.3 Equalization Charge Parameters:

- ❖ Charging voltage : 2.35 ~ 2.40V/cell (25°C)
- ❖ Maximal charging current : 0.30C₁₀
- ❖ Temperature equalization parameter : -3mV/cell(25°C)
- ❖ Variation scope of charging voltage : ±0.02V/cell

Note:

Do not use equalization charging as the standard floating application. Adopt equalization charging under recommended situations below:

1. Discharging capacity is below 80% of rated capacity.
2. Batteries have not been used for more than 3 months.
3. Float voltage of battery unit is less than 2.18V/cell
4. Batteries have been floating for 3 ~ 6 months and found low voltage batteries in the string.
5. Batteries have been floating for a year.
6. Batteries supplementary charged before used.
7. After performing a capacity test.

6.4.4 Notes during charging

1. Charge current at the end of charge is over 0.05 C₁₀A, which may result in permanent damage on battery appearance and battery life; pay close attention to charging voltages.
2. The used charger should have digressive automatic constant voltage device, please contact us if use other kind of charger.
3. If the ambient temperature is not 25°C, temperature compensation should be applied on the voltage, use the formula $U=U_{25^{\circ}\text{C}} - K \times (T - 25)$ T—ambient temperature; K—temp. compensation coefficient
* Judgment on charge end point, if the battery charge can meet any one of the below listed conditions, it can be regarded as the charge end point.
 - a) Charged value is not less than 1.2 times of the released value.
 - b) The current is less than 0.005C₁₀A (C₁₀ = rated capacity of the battery) during the final period of charging.
 - c) The current is steady for 5 hours during the final period of charging.

7 Battery Maintenance

7.1 Cleanness

- ❖ Keep the battery surface clean and dry avoid static electric discharge conditions.
- ❖ Clean battery with damp cloth, avoiding contact with terminals. No solvents should be added. Use of unapproved cleaning solvents may permanently damage the battery container and void battery warranty.

7.2 Inspection and maintenance

To maintain the optimal operation of the battery and associated equipment and prevent battery damage during maintenance inspection, please periodically inspect the battery and record it listed parameters

7.2.1 Monthly Inspection items:

Items	Contents	Standards	Maintenance
Total float charging voltage of battery group	Measure output end voltage of positive and negative end of battery group with voltage meter.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Test data complies with the data displayed on the meter and meets the voltage standard under the temperature conditions 2. The error of float charge voltage after temperature compensation is $\leq \pm 50\text{mV}$ 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. If data attained by testing is varies from the standard, the tested data should prevail. 2. For those adjusted by monitor module and still can't reach the allowed error range after module adjustment, repair is to be applied or send them back to factory.
Battery appearance	Inspect battery case and cover for bulge, leakage or damage.	Normal	Find out the reasons if abnormal appearance exist, please change battery if it effects the normal use of battery group
	Inspect for dust or stains	Clean	Clean the dust and stain with damp cloth.
	Inspect the harness and terminal for rust or corrosion.	No rust	Clean the rust, change the harness and paste with antirust coating/paste.
Temperature of the battery	Test the temperature of the terminal and battery surface by infrared thermometer	Under 35	Determine reason for temperature being above standard value and proceed on relevant course of action.

7.2.1 Monthly Inspection items continued :

Connection Parts	Check the tightness of terminal bolt/screw with torque spanner	Torque values - please refer to the table of torque	Tighten the loosen bolt/screw in time
	Check the connection cable and terminals for dirt and corrosion	Without appearance of corrosion or dirt	Take out the connection cable and clear it in water if it is light corrosion, for serious corrosion please replace the cable and clear the connection point with a steel brush before attaching new connectors
Check safety valves (2V series)	Shake the valve lightly to check the valve is fixed tightly.	Valve is fixed tightly.	Please tighten the value if there is appearance of looseness
	Cover the valve with bubble liquid(soap solution) to check if the valve can exhaust gas cleanly	Staggered air bubble appears	The frequent tighten the valve if there is appearance of open and close the value is abnormal, in case happens, please replace the valve at the same time, please check the water lost status of the battery.
Switch DC power supply	Cut off AC power supply and change to UPS or DC power supply	AC power supply switch to UPS or DC power supply smoothly	Correct the potential difference

7.2.2 Quarterly Inspection items

Additional to Monthly Maintenance items:

Items	Contents	Standards	Maintenance
Float voltage of each battery	Measure the end voltage of each battery in battery group.	Float voltage value after temperature equalization $\pm 50\text{mV}$	If float voltage is over standard value, please apply equalization charge the battery group after discharging them and then float charge them for 1-2 month, please contact us if still have any deviation from standard.

7.2.2 Quarterly Inspection items continued:

Additional to Monthly Maintenance items:

Correct string with low single cell	1. Equalization charge of the battery string: charge the battery at upper limit voltage for 10 hrs, 3 discharge cycles may be necessary when condition is serious.	The difference of float charge voltage between single cell in a string of battery should meet the below standard: 2Vseries 90mv 6vseries 240mv 12Vseries 480mv	Single cell should be replaced if it fails in repair.
	2. On-line repair of single cell: connect the cell the activation meter or charger with the laggard battery and charge the single cell.		
Activation charge and discharge	Charge and discharge the battery by one cycle, then charge the battery by the lower limit of the equalization voltage	About 30% of the rated capacity is released.	Produced this text on the batteries which float charge more than 6 months but without discharge.

7.2.3 Yearly Inspection items

Additional to Quarterly and Monthly Maintenance items:

Items	Contents	Standards	Maintenance
Checking discharge test	Cut off AC power supply, discharge battery with load, and discharging 30% to 40% rated capacity.	Battery voltage should be over 1.90V/cell after discharging.	If battery voltage is lower than standard value, please equalization charge the battery group after discharging and then float charging it for 1 2 month, please contact us if still have an issue
Capacity test	Utilize a capacity test instrument with load bank discharge battery and discharge 60~80% of the rated capacity	More than 80% of the capacity is reserved.	Verify that string has at least 80% capacity. Capacity test should only be performed once every 5 years or when less than 80% capacity is suspected.

7.2.4 Basic requirements and precautions on maintenance routines:

- 1) Principle to discover areas of concern and insure the safe operation. Should be documented while testing the batteries.
- 2) Preventative maintenance and performance analysis should be carried out routinely.
- 3) Battery parameter and operation should be complied with the maintenance documentation and reviewed.
- 4) Always wear insulated gloves when handling the batteries to avoid electric shock. Make tools and instruments are properly insulated.
- 5) Use calibrated instrument and meters which meet test requirement.
- 6) Physical articles:
 - a) Check whether the post and connection is clean, with no appearance of oxidation or corrosion. Clean and lubricate connections to reduce the resistance.
 - b) Check for any loose connections, if any tighten per specification in previous torque tables.
 - c) Check if there is any appearance of acid seepage, pooling of liquid, or liquid around the safety valve.
 - d) Check if there is any damage, leakage and distortion on the battery case and the post; it should be without any damage and distortion.
 - e) Check for abnormal temperature increase on the battery and its connection.
- 7) Check and adjust the set points of related parameters.
 - a) Check the float voltage, equalization voltage, float charging current is normal or not on the base of technical parameters and site environment. Please handle it in time.
 - b) Check the current limited charge is set correctly and adjust immediately.
 - c) Check the alarm voltages (low voltage and over voltage alarm) of the battery is set correctly, if not, adjust promptly.

CAUTIONS

Keep batteries out of reach of children.

Do NOT use batteries for application other than those specified in its specification.

Do NOT attempt to dis-assemble, repair, damaged, impacted, disposed batteries, otherwise the battery would leak, get hot, or explode.

Do NOT dispose of the batteries in water, fire, and do not heat the batteries.

Do NOT cause any short circuit

If the voltage of battery pack is above 45V, please be sure to wear insulated gloves when working; otherwise, there is a risk of severe electrical shock.

Do NOT bring face close to the top of batteries, please keep a sensible distance when you are measuring and repairing, you must wear safety goggles.

There is sulfuric acid in the battery, do not allow contact of sulfuric acid with skin, cloths, especially eyes. If eyes come in contact with sulfuric acid, flush eyes in eyewash and consult a physician immediately.

Longer service life will be attained when the battery is operated within an ambient temperature range of 20~30°C

8. Exchange of Batteries

8.1 Exchange Considerations:

The batteries are discharged 80% (refer the corresponding discharge rates, such as C10, C2 etc.) of rated capacity, at the same time, the voltage is below 1.8V/cell (the discharge rate for 1 hour is 1.7V/cell). It should be exchanged.

8.2 Exchange Time

The VRLA battery has a certain service life; replace old batteries with the new one before end of service life so that the application run safely and uninterrupted.

9. Maintenance Records

Good records will assist in determining if corrective action is needed to correct charging, maintenance, or environmental issues that may reduce the maximum life of your battery. If you have any questions or concerns, please call Power Storage Solutions for assistance (888-813-5049).

Taking measurements is recommended after the battery is installed, and after the battery has been in float service for 6 months (Base Line Readings for warranty records). Quarterly, or semi-annual maintenance records are suggested to give customer system protection predictability, however annual maintenance readings are the minimum to maintain the warranty coverage. Maintenance records will be required for warranty claims.

Below please find some suggested maintenance forms to assist the customer's record keeping on the battery.

Installation Report



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Report Date _____ / _____ / _____
 Pg # _____ of _____

Company Name _____	# Cells in String _____
Contact Name _____	Type of Battery _____
Phone # _____	String # _____
Battery String Name _____	Installation Date _____
Battery Address _____	

Ambient Room Temp. _____	Charger Imposed AC Ripple Voltage _____
Charger Output Voltage _____	Charger Imposed AC Ripple Current _____
Charger Output Current _____	System Float Voltage _____
	At Battery Terminals _____

Condition of Ventilation & Monitoring equipment _____

Battery Condition (Appearance, Cleanliness, Accessibility) _____

Before Installation Condition				After Installation inspection Report			
Visual Cell Connections	Physical Damage	Open Circuit Voltage	Cell #	Charge Float Voltage	Internal Ohmic Reading	Negative terminal Temp.	Intercell Connector Resistance
			1				
			2				
			3				
			4				
			5				
			6				
			7				
			8				
			9				
			10				
			11				
			12				
			13				
			14				
			15				
			16				
			17				
			18				
			19				
			20				
			21				
			22				
			23				
			24				
			25				
			26				
			27				
			28				
			29				
			30				
			31				
			32				
			33				
			34				
			35				
			36				
			37				
			38				
			39				
			40				

Baseline Inspection Report

taken 6 months after installation on float



Report Date _____ / _____ / _____

Pg # _____ of _____

Company Name _____
 Contact Name _____
 Phone # _____
 Battery String Name _____
 Battery Address _____

Cells in String _____
 Type of Battery _____
 String # _____
 Installation Date _____

Ambient Room Temp. _____
 Charger Output Voltage _____
 Charger Output Current _____

Charger Imposed AC Ripple Voltage _____
 Charger Imposed AC Ripple Current _____
 System Float Voltage _____
 At Battery Terminals _____

Condition of Ventilation & Monitoring equipment

Battery Condition (Appearance, Cleanliness, Accessibility)

Baseline Inspection Report					Baseline Inspection Report				
Cell #	Float Voltage	Internal Ohmic Reading	Negative terminal Temp.	Intercell Connector Resistance	Cell #	Float Voltage	Internal Ohmic Reading	Negative terminal Temp.	Intercell Connector Resistance
1					21				
2					22				
3					23				
4					24				
5					25				
6					26				
7					27				
8					28				
9					29				
10					30				
11					31				
12					32				
13					33				
14					34				
15					35				
16					36				
17					37				
18					38				
19					39				
20					40				

Note: Baseline reading is completed after 6 months on float in operation. Keep the baseline readings for your permanent record.

Quarterly Inspection Report



Report Date _____ / _____ / _____
Pg # _____ of _____

Company Name _____	# Cells in String _____
Contact Name _____	Type of Battery _____
Phone # _____	String # _____
Battery String Name _____	Installation Date _____
Battery Address _____	

Ambient Room Temp. _____	Charger Imposed AC Ripple Voltage _____
Charger Output Voltage _____	Charger Imposed AC Ripple Current _____
Charger Output Current _____	System Float Voltage _____
	At Battery Terminals _____

Condition of Ventilation & Monitoring equipment

Battery Condition (Appearance, Cleanliness, Accessibility)

Quarterly Inspection Report					Quarterly Inspection Report				
Cell #	Float Voltage	Internal Ohmic Reading	Negative terminal Temp.	Intercell Connector Resistance	Cell #	Float Voltage	Internal Ohmic Reading	Negative terminal Temp.	Intercell Connector Resistance
1					21				
2					22				
3					23				
4					24				
5					25				
6					26				
7					27				
8					28				
9					29				
10					30				
11					31				
12					32				
13					33				
14					34				
15					35				
16					36				
17					37				
18					38				
19					39				
20					40				

Annual Inspection Report



Report Date _____ / _____ / _____
 Pg # _____ of _____

Company Name _____	# Cells in String _____
Contact Name _____	Type of Battery _____
Phone # _____	String # _____
Battery String Name _____	Installation Date _____
Battery Address _____	

Ambient Room Temp. _____	Charger Imposed AC Ripple Voltage _____
Charger Output Voltage _____	Charger Imposed AC Ripple Current _____
Charger Output Current _____	System Float Voltage _____
	At Battery Terminals _____

Condition of Ventilation & Monitoring equipment _____

Battery Condition (Appearance, Cleanliness, Accessibility) _____

Annual Inspection Report					Annual Inspection Report				
Cell #	Float Voltage	Internal Ohmic Reading	Negative terminal Temp.	Intercell Connector Resistance	Cell #	Float Voltage	Internal Ohmic Reading	Negative terminal Temp.	Intercell Connector Resistance
1					21				
2					22				
3					23				
4					24				
5					25				
6					26				
7					27				
8					28				
9					29				
10					30				
11					31				
12					32				
13					33				
14					34				
15					35				
16					36				
17					37				
18					38				
19					39				
20					40				



Notes:

**For assistance -
Power Storage Solutions 888-813-5049 or www.pwrstoragesolutions.com**